

§ 665.602

outer boundary of the EEZ around the PRIA, with the exception of EEZ waters around Midway Atoll.

PRIA bottomfish management unit species (PRIA bottomfish MUS) means the following fish:

English common name	Scientific name
Silver jaw jobfish	<i>Aphareus rutilans.</i>
Giant trevally	<i>Caranx ignobilis.</i>
Black jack	<i>Caranx lugubris.</i>
Blacktip grouper	<i>Epinephelus fasciatus.</i>
Sea bass	<i>Epinephelus quernus.</i>
Red snapper	<i>Etelis carbunculus.</i>
Longtail snapper	<i>Etelis coruscans.</i>
Redgill emperor	<i>Lethrinus rubrioperculatus.</i>
Yellowtail snapper	<i>Pristipomoides auricilla.</i>
Pink snapper	<i>Pristipomoides filamentosus.</i>
Pink snapper	<i>Pristipomoides seiboldii.</i>
Lunartail, lyretail grouper	<i>Variola louti.</i>

§ 665.602 [Reserved]

§ 665.603 Permits.

(a) *Applicability.* PRIA. The owner of any vessel used to fish for, land, or transship PRIA bottomfish MUS shoreward of the outer boundary of the PRIA subarea must have a permit issued under this section, and the permit must be registered for use with that vessel.

(b) *Submission.* An application for a permit required under this section must be submitted to PIRO as described in § 665.13.

§ 665.604 Prohibitions.

In addition to the general prohibitions specified in § 600.725 of this chapter and § 665.16, it is unlawful for any person to do any of the following:

(a) Fish for PRIA bottomfish MUS using gear prohibited under § 665.605.

(b) Fish for, or retain on board a vessel, PRIA bottomfish MUS in the PRIA without the appropriate permit registered for use with that vessel issued under § 665.13.

(c) Falsify or fail to make or file all reports of PRIA bottomfish MUS land-

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ings taken in the PRIA, containing all data in the exact manner, as specified in § 665.14(b).

§ 665.605 Gear restrictions.

(a) *Bottom trawls and bottom set gillnets.* Fishing for PRIA bottomfish MUS with bottom trawls and bottom set gillnets is prohibited.

(b) *Possession of gear.* Possession of a bottom trawl and bottom set gillnet by any vessel having a permit under § 665.603 or otherwise established to be fishing for PRIA bottomfish MUS in the PRIA fishery management area is prohibited.

(c) *Poisons and explosives.* The possession or use of any poisons, explosives, or intoxicating substances for the purpose of harvesting PRIA bottomfish is prohibited.

§ 665.606 At-sea observer coverage.

All fishing vessels subject to §§ 665.600 through 665.606 must carry an observer when directed to do so by the Regional Administrator.

§§ 665.607–665.619 [Reserved]

§ 665.620 PRIA coral reef ecosystem fisheries. [Reserved]

§ 665.621 Definitions.

As used in §§ 665.620 through 665.639:

PRIA coral reef ecosystem management unit species (PRIA coral reef ecosystem MUS) means all of the Currently Harvested Coral Reef Taxa and Potentially Harvested Coral Reef Taxa listed in this section and which spend the majority of their non-pelagic (post-settlement) life stages within waters less than or equal to 50 fathoms in total depth.

PRIA Currently Harvested Coral Reef Taxa:

Family name	English common name	Scientific name
Acanthuridae (Surgeonfishes)	orange-spot	<i>Acanthurus olivaceus.</i>
	surgeonfish.	
	yellowfin surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus xanthopterus.</i>
	convict tang	<i>Acanthurus triostegus.</i>
	eye-striped surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus dussumieri.</i>
	blue-lined surgeon	<i>Acanthurus nigroris.</i>
	Whitebar surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus leucopareius.</i>
	blue-banded surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus lineatus.</i>
	blackstreak surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus nigricauda.</i>
	whitecheek surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus nigricans.</i>
	white-spotted surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus guttatus.</i>

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Family name	English common name	Scientific name
	Ringtail surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus blochii</i> .
	brown surgeonfish	<i>Acanthurus nigrofuscus</i> .
	yellow-eyed surgeonfish	<i>Ctenochaetus strigosus</i> .
	striped bristletooth	<i>Ctenochaetus striatus</i> .
	twospot bristletooth	<i>Ctenochaetus binotatus</i> .
	Yellow tang	<i>Zebrasoma flavescens</i> .
	bluespine unicornfish	<i>Naso unicornus</i> .
	orangespine unicornfish	<i>Naso lituratus</i> .
	black tongue unicornfish	<i>Naso hexacanthus</i> .
	bignose unicornfish	<i>Naso vlamingii</i> .
	whitemargin unicornfish	<i>Naso annulatus</i> .
	spotted unicornfish	<i>Naso brevirostris</i> .
Labridae (Wrasses)	Napoleon wrasse	<i>Cheilinus undulatus</i> .
	Triple-tail wrasse	<i>Cheilinus trilobatus</i> .
	Floral wrasse	<i>Cheilinus chlorourus</i> .
	ring-tailed wrasse	<i>Oxycheilinus unifasciatus</i> .
	bandcheek wrasse	<i>Oxycheilinus diagrammus</i> .
	Barred thicklip	<i>Hemigymnus fasciatus</i> .
	three-spot wrasse	<i>Halichoeres trimaculatus</i> .
	red ribbon wrasse	<i>Thalassoma quinquevittatum</i> .
	Sunset wrasse	<i>Thalassoma lutescens</i> .
Mullidae (Goatfishes)	Yellow goatfish	<i>Mulloidichthys</i> spp.
	Orange goatfish	<i>Mulloidichthys pleuergi</i> .
	yellowstripe goatfish	<i>Mulloidichthys flavolineatus</i> .
	Banded goatfish	<i>Parupeneus</i> spp.
Mullidae (Goatfishes)	dash-dot goatfish	<i>Parupeneus barberinus</i> .
	Yellowsaddle goatfish	<i>Parupeneus cyclostomas</i> .
	multi-barred goatfish	<i>Parupeneus multifasciatus</i> .
	bantail goatfish	<i>Upeneus arge</i> .
Mugilidae (Mulletts)	fringelip mullet	<i>Crenimugil crenilabis</i> .
	engel's mullet	<i>Moolgarda engeli</i> .
	false mullet	<i>Neomyxus leuciscus</i> .
Muraenidae (Moray eels)	yellowmargin moray eel	<i>Gymnothorax flavimarginatus</i> .
	giant moray eel	<i>Gymnothorax javanicus</i> .
	undulated moray eel	<i>Gymnothorax undulatus</i> .
Octopodidae	Octopus	<i>Octopus cyanea</i> .
	Octopus	<i>Octopus ornatus</i> .
Pracanthidae (Bigeye)	Glasseye	<i>Heteropriacanthus cruentatus</i> .
Scaridae (Parrotfishes)	Humphead parrotfish	<i>Bolbometopon muricatum</i> .
	parrotfish	<i>Scarus</i> spp.
	pacific longnose parrotfish	<i>Hipposcarus longiceps</i> .
	stareye parrotfish	<i>Calotomus carolinus</i> .
Scombridae	Dogtooth tuna	<i>Gymnosarda unicolor</i> .
Sphyrnidae (Barracuda)	great barracuda	<i>Sphyrna barracuda</i> .

PRIA Potentially Harvested Coral Reef Taxa:

English common name	Scientific name
wrasses (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Labridae.
sharks (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Carcharhinidae, Sphyrnidae.
rays and skates	Myliobatidae, Mobulidae.
groupers (Those species not listed as CHCRT or as BMUS) ...	Serranidae.
jacks and scads (Those species not listed as CHCRT or as BMUS).	Carangidae.
solderfishes and squirrelfishes (Those species not listed as CHCRT).	Holocentridae.
goatfishes (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Mullidae.
Batfishes	Ephippidae.
Sweetlips	Haemulidae.
Remoras	Echeneidae.
Tilefishes	Malacanthidae.
Dottybacks	Pseudochromidae.
Prettyfins	Plesiopidae.
surgeonfishes (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Acanthuridae.
emperors (Those species not listed as CHCRT or as BMUS) ...	Lethrinidae.
Herrings	Clupeidae.
Gobies	Gobiidae.
snappers (Those species not listed as CHCRT or as BMUS) ...	Lutjanidae.
trigger fishes (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Balistidae.
rabbitfishes (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Siganidae.
eels (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Muraenidae, Chlopsidae, Congridae, Ophichthidae.
Cardinalfishes	Apogonidae.
moorish idols	Zanclidae.

English common name	Scientific name
butterfly fishes	Chaetodontidae.
Angelfishes	Pomacanthidae.
Damselfishes	Pomacentridae.
Scorpionfishes	Scorpaenidae.
Blennies	Blenniidae.
barracudas (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Sphyraenidae.
Sandperches	Pinguipedidae.
rudderfishes (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Kyphosidae.
Fusiliers	Caesionidae.
hawkfishes (Those species not listed as CHCRT)	Cirrhitidae.
Frogfishes	Antennariidae.
pipefishes, seahorses	Syngnathidae.
flounders, soles	Bothidae.
Trunkfishes	Ostraciidae.
puffer fishes, porcupine fishes	Tetradontidae.
Trumpetfish	<i>Aulostomus chinensis</i> .
Cornetfish	<i>Fistularia commersoni</i> .
blue corals	Heliopora.
organpipe corals	Tubipora.
ahermatypic corals	Azooxanthellates.
mushroom corals	Fungiidae.
small and large coral polyps	
fire corals	Millepora.
soft corals, gorgonians	
Anemones	Actinaria.
soft zoanthid corals	Zoanthinaria.
	Hydrozoans, Bryzoans.
sea squirts	Tunicates.
sea cucumbers and sea urchins	Echinoderms.
Those species not listed as CHCRT	Mollusca.
sea snails	Gastropoda.
	Trochus.
sea slugs	Opisthobranchs.
black lipped pearl oyster	<i>Pinctada margaritifera</i> .
giant clam	Tridacnidae.
other clams	Other Bivalves.
	Cephalopods.
lobsters, shrimps/mantis shrimps, true crabs and hermit crabs (Those species not listed as CMUS)	Crustaceans.
Sponges	Porifera.
lace corals	Stylasteridae.
hydroid corals	Solanderidae.
segmented worms	Annelids.
Seaweed	Algae.
Live rock.	

All other PRIA coral reef ecosystem MUS that are marine plants, invertebrates, and fishes that are not listed in the PRIA CHCRT table or are not PRIA bottomfish, crustacean, precious coral, or western Pacific pelagic MUS.

§ 665.622 [Reserved]

§ 665.623 Relation to other laws.

To ensure consistency between the management regimes of different Federal agencies with shared management responsibilities of fishery resources within the PRIA fishery management area, fishing for PRIA coral reef ecosystem MUS is not allowed within the boundary of a National Wildlife Refuge unless specifically authorized by the USFWS, regardless of whether that refuge was established by action of the President or the Secretary of the Interior.

§ 665.624 Permits and fees.

(a) *Applicability.* Unless otherwise specified in this subpart, § 665.13 applies to coral reef ecosystem permits.

(1) *Special permit.* Any person of the United States fishing for, taking or retaining PRIA coral reef ecosystem MUS must have a special permit if they, or a vessel which they operate, is used to fish for any:

(i) [Reserved]

(ii) PRIA Potentially Harvested Coral Reef Taxa in the PRIA coral reef ecosystem management area; or